

JINDAL STAINLESS LIMITED

CIN: L26922HR1980PLC010901 Corporate Office: Jindal Centre, 12, Bhikaiji Cama Place, New Delhi – 110066

Registered Office: O.P. Jindal Marg, Hisar, Haryana-125005 T: +91 11 41659169, 26101562

E: <u>info@jindalstainless.com</u> Website: <u>www.jindalstainless.com</u>

BOARD CHARTER

(Approved by the Board of Directors on May 17, 2023)

1. Introduction, purpose, and framework

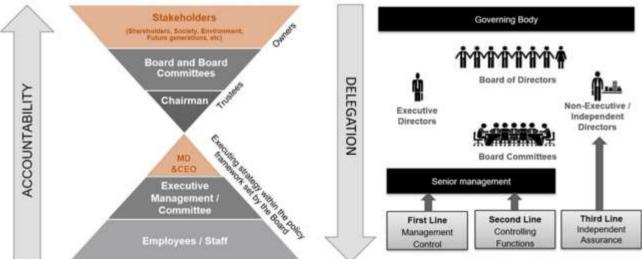
The following Corporate Governance guidelines have been adopted by the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Jindal Stainless Limited (the "Company") effective from May 17, 2023. These guidelines are framed in conjunction with the Company's Memorandum & Articles of Association, the Charters of the Committees of the Board and applicable laws / rules/ regulations / guidelines in force for the time being in India, as applicable. In case of any change in the laws / rules/ regulations / guidelines, the same will supersede the content of this policy.

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this guideline and of the Companies Act, 2013 or the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") or any other statutory enactments, the provisions of such other law for the time being in force, to the extent applicable to the Company, the statutory provisions shall prevail over this guideline.

The Board is the Apex authority appointed by shareholders of a Company to monitor and direct strategies, operations, and management of the business of the Company. The Board shall assess external environment, decide business strategy, formulate policies, appoint, and compensate executive management, delegate powers, review performance and set up checks and balances.

2. Composition of the Board

Corporate Governance Framework Inculcating the three lines of defense culture



2.1. Board size

The number of Directors on the Board of the Company shall not be less than such permissible higher number as mentioned in the applicable provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations or the Companies Act, 2013 or the Articles of Associations of the Company.

2.2. Board Composition

- The Board of Directors of the Company shall have an optimum combination of executive and non-executive directors with at least one woman independent director.
- In compliance with the applicable provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board shall consist of at least 50 % of Independent Directors, where there is an Executive / Promoter Chairman.
- Given the nature and global presence of the Company's business, it is important to consider diversity of thought, perspective, knowledge, skill, industry experience, cultural and geographical background, age and gender, in the Board mix.
- **Key attributes and expertise** The Board shall include qualified members who bring the required skills, competence and expertise that allow them to make effective contributions to the Board and its committees. The Board shall comprise of distinguished individuals with one or more following key attributes:
 - Extensive leadership experience for a significant enterprise, resulting in a practical understanding of organizations, processes, strategy and risk management. Demonstrated strengths in developing talent, planning succession and driving change and long-term growth.
 - Experience in driving business success in markets around the world, with an understanding of diverse business environments, economic conditions, cultures and regulatory frameworks and a broad perspective on global market opportunities.
 - Proficiency in complex financial management, capital allocation and financial reporting processes, financial controls, or experience in actively supervising a principal financial officer.
 - Proficiency with capital markets.
 - Experience in legal matters.
 - Significant background in technology, resulting in knowledge of how to anticipate technological trends (digital / automation / artificial intelligence / cybersecurity / analytics), embrace disruptive innovation and extend or create new business models.
 - Significant background and demonstrated experience in matters involving human resources and defining / shaping people and organizational culture.
 - A history of leading growth through acquisitions and other business combinations, with the ability to assess 'build or buy' decisions, analyse the fit of a target with the Company's strategy and culture, accurately value transactions and evaluate operational integration plans.
 - Service on a public company board to develop insights about maintaining board and management accountability, protecting stakeholder interests, awareness of the corporate responsibilities towards its lenders, customers,

employees, suppliers, regulatory bodies and the communities in which it operates and observing appropriate governance practices.

- Experience in developing strategies to grow sales and market share, build brand awareness and equity, and enhance enterprise reputation.
- Knowledge and experience of building and leading sustainable organizations including:
 - Understanding the importance of the Environmental, Social, Governance ("ESG") goals, and how they should impact the board's role, composition, and work processes.
 - Implementing ESG goals fully integrated into the strategy of the Company.
 - Guiding the reporting of ESG performance based on internationally recognized standards / frameworks.

3. Independence criteria

The Board shall comprise of Independent Directors who qualify as 'independent' under the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013 & the rules made thereunder. The Independent Directors at the first Board meeting of every financial year submit a declaration of Independence, affirming that they meet the requirement specified under the applicable provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations and the Companies Act, 2013 & the rules made thereunder.

3.1. Board leadership

If the Chairman of the Board is not an Independent Director, the Board will appoint the Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to serve as Lead Independent Director.

4. Board inductions and continuing education

4.1. Screening and selection of new Directors

- The Board and the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board shall be responsible in actual practice and not merely as a procedural formality, for selecting members of the Board and in recommending them for election by the shareholders. The Board delegates the screening and selection process involved in selecting the new directors to the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.
- The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall be responsible for formulating the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, and independence of a Director in line with the applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Companies Act, 2013 and recommend candidature to the Board when circumstances warrant the appointment of a new Director. While performing this role, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall place due consideration for qualifications, integrity, expertise and experience of the candidate so

nominated and the capabilities required in the Board after considering the business of the Company.

4.2. New director induction and continuing education

Board believes that ongoing education is vital for sustenance of an effective Board. The Company shall conduct a formal induction program for all new directors. The program shall include an introduction to the Company's Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and organization structure, products and services, group structure and subsidiaries, memorandum of association & articles of association, Board procedures, matters reserved for the Board and such other matters as relevant for effective induction. Incumbent directors may also be invited to attend the program. Presentations shall be made by Executive Directors / Key Managerial Personnel / other senior management with an aim to familiarize the newly inducted Directors with the strategy, operations and functions of the Company.

The induction program shall, inter alia, cover the following topics:

- a) Company's values, ethos, and culture.
- b) Company's strategy, vision, and mission (including ESG strategy and vision).
- c) Corporate governance matters, Board powers, duties, and responsibilities.
- d) Markets, Operations and overall value chain.
- e) Product and service offerings.
- f) People and Organization structure.
- g) Key policies, code of conduct and byelaws.
- h) Regulatory and compliance landscape.
- i) Significant financial, accounting and risk management framework.
- j) IT landscape and automation / digitization framework.
- Each director is expected to maintain the necessary level of expertise to perform better at his or her duties as a director. The Company may, from time to time, offer continuing education programs to assist the directors in maintaining such level of expertise. Continuing education may be provided in a variety of different forms including external or internal education programs, presentations or briefings on specific topics, educational materials, meetings with Key Managerial Personnel and visits to Company's facilities.

5. Tenure and retirement

- The term of executive directors shall not exceed five years on each occasion. An independent director may hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board and shall be eligible for reappointment for another term of up to five years on passing of a special resolution by the Company's shareholders.
- The age limit for retirement of Executive Directors shall be in alignment with the statutory regulations and Human Resource policy of the Company.

- The appointment of the independent directors shall be formalized through a letter of appointment. The terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors shall be posted on the Company's website.
- Two-third of the total number of Directors shall be persons whose period of office is liable to retire by rotation, out of such Directors one-third of the Directors shall be such persons whose office shall be liable to retire by rotation at every annual general meeting. Each year, at the Company's annual general meeting for seeking shareholders' approval, the Board shall recommend names of directors eligible for retire by rotation by shareholders. The Independent directors shall not be subject to retire by rotation.

6. Board powers, duties, responsibilities, and other matters

The Board is empowered to manage the Company business and affairs with diligence, prudence, and transparency. It can exercise all powers over the business except those reserved with shareholders by law. The Board shall perform the roles as mentioned below:

6.1. Primary responsibilities

- The primary responsibility of the directors is to exercise their business judgement to act in a manner they reasonably believe in the best interest of the Company and its stakeholders and in a manner consistent with their fiduciary duties, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. In fulfilling that responsibility, directors may ask such questions and conduct such investigations as they deem appropriate and may reasonably rely on the information provided to them by the Company's executives, external advisors, and auditors.
- The Board of Directors provides oversight, counselling and direction to the management of the Company in the interest and for the benefit of the Company's stakeholders. The Board's detailed responsibilities include, but not limited to the following:
 - Receive, review and approve the strategy, annual business plan & budget and risk management plan on an annual basis and monitor performance against plan on a quarterly basis to identify, suggest and approve revisions to the same during the year.
 - > Appointment of Key managerial personnel (KMP), & Compensation.
 - ➤ Review and approve executive management structure.
 - Delegation of powers/ authority to the management.
 - ➤ Planning for KMP succession and monitoring management's succession planning for other senior executives.
 - ➤ Overseeing the conduct of the Company's business and assessing the Company's business and other enterprise risks to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed.
 - Overseeing how the culture of the Company is shaped, create accountability, monitor how culture and talent metrics are measured to keep a pulse on how culture is evolving.

- ➤ Reviewing and approving the Company's major financial objectives, strategy, operating plans, and other significant actions.
- Overseeing the Company's processes for maintaining the integrity of the Company's financial statements and other public disclosures, proper safeguarding of the assets of the Company and the Company's compliance with law and ethics.
- ➤ Monitoring and managing potential conflict of interest of management, board members and other stakeholders.
- Define requirement for Board MIS and carry out regular MIS validation checks.
- Selecting and recommending to the shareholders, appropriate candidates for election to the Board.
- Evaluating Board processes and performance and the overall effectiveness of the Board.
- Evaluating the performance of the Board and of senior management.
- Reviewing and guiding the achievement of ESG goals.
- Overseeing the governance over subsidiaries, associates, joint venture and group companies.
- Appointment of key emerging governance roles viz.
 - Chief Sustainability Officer,
 - Chief Compliance Officer,
 - Chief Financial Officer,
 - Chief Ethics Officer,
 - Chief Risk Officer,
 - Chief Information Security Officer;

6.2. Board access

The Board and the Board Committees shall be granted complete access, upon receipt of the request, to the following:

- Company's books / records.
- Company's management, employees, offices, and other facilities (nevertheless
 ensuring that such contact is not disruptive to the business operations of the
 Company).
- External advisors / expert / auditors to assist the Board in its work.

6.3. Appointment of Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer and key management executives

The Board shall, based on review and recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee –

- appoint Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer and other key management executives.
- approve compensation plan for Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer and other key management executives.
- draw up terms of appointment of Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer in line with the business plan and objectives.

6.4. Delegation of Authority matrix

The Board or Board Committee shall approve Delegation of Authority Matrix. The matrix shall be submitted by Chief Executive Officer or Managing Director of the Company. The Board shall examine that the matrix contains adequate delegation of authority, built in internal controls, enable swift and effective decision making. The Board shall review the Matrix documents at periodic interval or on occurring of events which warrant immediate alteration.

6.5. Board compensation

- Compensation payable to Board members shall be determined as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy, in line with the applicable laws governing Board compensation including Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.
- Executive Directors shall not be paid sitting fees in addition to their regular compensation.
- All compensation paid to the Board members shall be disclosed in the annual report.

6.6. Code of conduct, ethics, and conflict of interest

- The Board is committed to upholding the highest legal and ethical conduct in fulfilling its responsibilities. The Board shall define and periodically review the Code of Conduct that would spell out the highest-level of integrity and ethics.
- The Board expects all directors to always act in accordance with the requirements of the Company's Code of Conduct, which shall be applicable to each director in connection with his or her activities relating to the Company. This obligation shall at all times include, without limitation, adherence to the Company's policies with respect to conflicts of interest, confidentiality, protection of the Company's assets, ethical conduct in business dealings and respect for and compliance with applicable laws. Any waiver of the requirements of the Code of Conduct with respect to any individual director shall be reported to, and be subject to the approval of, the Board of Directors.
- The Board members are expected to be mindful of possible conflicts of interest, including anything that could impair their independence as a director (only in case of an Independent Director), and should discuss any issues with the Board of Directors. If a significant conflict arises and cannot be resolved, the director would be expected to resign.
- Each director and KMP are required to annually disclose their directorship / shareholding / relative details to the Company. All directors who are concerned or interested in a transaction, shall abstain from participating in the discussion at the Board / concerned committee meetings on such transactions.

6.7. Confidentiality and insider trading

- By virtue of the positions held, the Board members are generally exposed to material, non-public information concerning business, strategy, and operating plans. The Board members shall always treat all corporate information available for their consumption with discretion and treat all information received in the course of their work with utmost confidentiality.
- The Board members are prohibited from discussing all non-public information or any other information having bearing on the price of the securities of the Company, with friends, relatives and acquaintances. These obligations are continuing and shall subsist until such information is consummated or abandoned or until there is a public announcement by the Company in this regard.
- The Board members being designated persons under Insider trading policy, all their trades in the securities of the Company shall be regulated as prescribed under the Code of Conduct for Regulating, Monitoring and Reporting of Trading by Insiders of the Company. Further, the Board members are prohibited from hedging activities such as, trading in options, puts, calls, or other derivative instruments related to Company's stock or debt. Each Board member shall strictly adhere to the Insider Trading policy of the Company.

6.8. Culture

- The culture in the Company from the Board level to shop floor will prevail over strategy. Achievement of goal and strategy adopted shall never be sought by compromising the Company's culture.
- Grievance cell must be set up which address issues of deviation from culture.
- Each director and employee shall receive regular communication defining culture of the Company.

7. Meetings

7.1. Frequency

Board meetings shall be held at least four times a year, preferably one every quarter.

7.2 Agenda and distribution of board material

• The agenda for the Board meetings should be sent to the Directors at least seven days prior to the Board meeting. In case of exigency, Board may allow meetings at shorter notice. The agenda shall include such matters as decided by the Board and its Committees as well as matters suggested by Management from time to time. Each Board member is free to suggest the inclusion of items

- on the agenda. Each Board member is also free to raise at any Board meeting, subjects that are not on the agenda for that meeting.
- The agenda and meeting schedule must permit adequate time for discussion and a healthy exchange between Board members and management.
- All information, relevant to the Board's understanding of matters to be discussed at an upcoming Board meeting, shall be distributed in writing or electronically to all members at least 7 days in advance.
- The Board acknowledges that certain items to be discussed at Board meetings are of an extremely sensitive nature and that the distribution of materials on these matters prior to Board meetings may not be appropriate.

7.3 Venue

 The meetings of the Board will be held at the Company's corporate office unless otherwise decided or via Audio-Visual Means as permitted under applicable laws.

7.4 Attendance

- All Directors shall strive to attend all Board meetings and maintain full attendance. In case, it is not possible to attend Board meeting in person, wherever possible, the Directors shall make themselves available to participate in the Board meetings through teleconference or videoconference. In any case, the Directors are encouraged to maintain at least 75% attendance for the year.
- The Board welcomes regular attendance, at each Board meeting, of selected members of management as invited by the Chairman.
- All Directors are expected to attend the Company's general meetings, except if unusual circumstances make attendance impractical. Disclosure of such exception should be made in the general meeting.

7.5 Minutes

- Minutes must be drawn up for every Board meeting and for every resolution adopted outside a meeting / resolution by circulation. The minutes are to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting and then added to the Company's records.
- The minutes of the Board meeting shall be circulated within below mentioned timeline:
 - Draft Minutes of the meeting to be circulated within 15 days from the date of meeting.
 - Minutes shall include any dissenting views expressed by any of the Board members. Further, any member of the Board may demand a note explaining how he voted or a formal declaration by him be included in the minutes.

• The minutes of a meeting are taken as having been approved if the members of the Board of Directors do not submit a written objection or any comment to the Chairman within 7 days of the date on which the minutes were circulated.

7.6 Independent Directors meeting

- The Independent directors shall meet at least once in a financial year without the presence of executive management. One of the Independent Directors chosen by the group of Independent Directors shall act as Chair of the meeting. Such meetings shall inter alia:
 - Review the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole.
 - Review the performance of the Chairperson of the Company, considering the views of executive directors and non-executive directors.
 - Assess the quality, quantity, and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to perform their duties effectively and reasonably.
- These executive session discussions may include such topics as the independent directors determine. The name of the Lead Independent Director who presides the executive sessions shall be disclosed in the annual report.

8. Committees of the Board

8.1. Board Committees

- The Board shall constitute committees required by law and regulatory provisions and in addition may constitute such more committee with specific objective, purpose or project.
- The Board may, from time to time, form new committees comprising of Board members / executives as it deems appropriate. The Board may, to the fullest extent permitted by law, delegate any of its functions and responsibilities to a committee of the Board.
- The Committee shall approve minutes which clearly record decisions taken and action points. The Committee shall review progress on action taken at each meeting.
- The Committee shall ensure to report findings, decisions, actions taken to the Board with precise details and analysis of each issue.

8.2. Composition of the Committees

• The composition of the Committees of the Board shall be in line with the SEBI Listing Regulations and/or the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable to the Company.

- The composition of the statutory committees shall mandatorily have such number of Non-Executive Independent Directors as required under the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.
- The members and Chairman of the Committees shall be appointed by the Board, taking into account the qualifications, areas of expertise, skill sets, diverse perspective, offering and independence possessed by the Director in order to discharge their duties in the role of a Board Committee member / Chairman.

8.3. Rotation of members between Committees

Committee composition shall be continuously reviewed and it is expected that Committee roles will rotate from time to time among the Board members, if required. Consideration of Committee rotation shall seek to balance the benefits derived from continuity and experience, on the one hand, and the benefits derived from gaining fresh perspectives and enhancing Directors' understanding of different aspects of the company's business and functions.

8.4. Committee charters

- Each Committee shall have its own charter. The charter will set forth the composition, purpose, authority and responsibilities of the committee.
- All Committee charters shall be approved by the Board and shall be available on the Company's website / Annual Report.

8.5. Frequency and agenda of Committee meetings

- The frequency of the committee meeting shall be in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, SEBI Listing Regulations and the charter of the committee.
- Each Committee shall establish, to the extent foreseeable and practical, a schedule of agenda items to be discussed during the meeting.
- The Committee shall approve minutes which clearly record decisions taken and action points. The Committee shall review progress on action taken on a quarterly basis.

8.6. Reporting to the Board

• Each Committee shall report regularly to the Board with respect to the Committee's activities. The Committee shall ensure to report findings, decisions, actions taken to the Board with precise details and analysis of each issue.

9. Performance and quality evaluation

9.1. Evaluation of Board and its Committees

- At least once a year, the Board of Directors shall discuss its own activities, its individual members and its Committees, the effectiveness of such activities and the composition and competence of the Board of Directors. Inputs emerging from the meeting of Independent Directors may also be considered in the discussion.
- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall facilitate such annual evaluation. The Board / Committee may engage an external specialist from to time, to carry out the evaluation, as it may deem fit.

9.2. Formal evaluation of management members

- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall perform an annual evaluation of the Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and Senior Managerial Personnel (SMPs).
- The evaluations shall be based on pre-determined Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) such as, performance of the business, accomplishment of long-term strategic objectives, overall management of stakeholders and such other evaluation parameters as may be prescribed in the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Policy.
- The evaluations shall be used by the Committee in the course of its decision relating to the compensation of the Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer(s), KMPs and SMPs.

9.3. Succession planning

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall review succession planning and management development topics with the Board at least on an annual basis. The Board's goal is to have in place a long-term program for effective senior leadership development and succession, as well as short-term contingency plans for emergency and ordinary course contingencies. The detailed guidelines for succession planning are laid down in the Succession Planning Policy of the Company.

9.4. Board Interaction with Stakeholders

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee serves as the Board's liaison for consultation and direct communication with stakeholders. Individual Board members may, from time to time, meet or otherwise communicate with various other stakeholders that are involved with the Company (key customers, vendors, auditors, employees, etc.), but it is expected that Board members would do this with the knowledge of management and, in most instances, at the request of management.